

NOTES ON THE VEGETATION OF THE MEXICAN STATE OF MORELOS

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During the summers of 1949 and 1950 the author and his students were privileged to make extensive observations and collections in the Mexican State of Morelos. The work was carried on as part of the summer field courses under the joint sponsorship of the departments of Wildlife Management and Biology of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas. Some additional collections were made by the author in August of 1960.

The state of Morelos is located south of the Federal District in central Mexico. It is bounded on the north by the state of Mexico, and the Federal District, on the east by Puebla, by Oaxaca on the south and Guerrero on the west. There is a variation of altitude within the state from approximately 17,800 ft. in the northeast to approximately 2,700 ft. in the southwest. The state boundary extends from the peak of the volcano Popocatepetl to the edge of the Balsas Basin.

The vegetation zones of Mexico as presented by Leopold (1959), and his terminology will be followed in general in this paper.

The flora of the state is divisible into two major types, temperate and tropical. Four of Leopold's vegetation types are found within the political limits of Morelos.

The temperate zone includes vegetational types: Pine-Oak Forest, Boreal Forest, and Alpine-Meadow. These vegetational types are found in the northern one-third of the state.

The Mixed Forest type or Pine-Oak Forest is characterized by open scattered stands of woodlands dominated by pines or oaks. Apparently dependent on the elevation and available moisture, either the pines or the oaks may assume dominance in any particular area and occasionally they are distributed almost equally. It is interesting to note that no distinct zone of oak-shrub was observed by the author in Morelos where this type merged with some of the more xeric types at lower elevations of approximately 9,000 and 6,500 ft.

The dominant members of the flora of the Pine-Oak Forest are: *Pinus montezumae*, *Pinus lawsonii*, *Pinus teocote*, *Quercus spp.* Other important members of the flora included in this type are: *Arbutus glandulosa*, *Ceanothus azureus*, *Buddleia americana*.

The Boreal Forest type is found in rather limited areas in the north portion of the state. It is characterized by coniferous forests with a

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SIDA 1 (5): 262-268, 1964.

bunch grass or sacaton (*Festuca tolucensis*) ground cover. A humid environment is associated with this vegetational type and limits it in Morelos between the elevations of approximately 9,000 and 13,000 ft. Canyons at lower elevations which are subject to frequent fog conditions also exhibit this type of vegetation.

The more important species of this vegetational type include: *Pinus lawsonii*, *Pinus ayacahuite*, *Pinus leiophylla*, *Pinus teocote*, *Pinus montezumae*, *Pinus hartwegii*, *Abies religiosa*, *Festuca tolucensis*.

The third temperate vegetational type is the Alpine Meadow. To my knowledge it is found in Morelos only in the small area where the state line extends up the side of the volcano Popocatepetl. In this area, which is normally above timberline, there are extensive meadows of sacaton (*Festuca* spp.) with robust herbs such as *Lupinus* and *Castilleja*.

The tropical vegetation type found in the state is the Tropical Deciduous Forest with some variations. This type covers approximately the southern two-thirds of the state and is usually found below elevations of 6,500 ft.

This Tropical Deciduous Forest as observed in Morelos exhibits two rather distinct forms. One form is typical of that outlined by Leopold and the other, a more arid type, seems related to his Arid Tropical Shrub.

The typical Tropical Deciduous Forest type is found on the lower mountain slopes from approximately 6,500 to 4,000 ft. and in canyons at lower altitudes that have higher available moisture.

This type is predominantly composed of low, shrub-like trees and some of the larger cacti. The trees are usually leafless during the dry season, but are more abundant and larger than those of the more arid type.

The more important members of this type include the following: *Ipomea arborea*, *Juliana adstrungens*, *Bursera* spp., *Pseudosmodium* spp., *Comocladia* spp., *Parchycereus marginata*, *Cephalocereus* spp.

The more arid form of the Tropical Deciduous Forest is usually found at elevations below 4,000 ft. It is characterized by sparse, thorny, low shrubs and cacti. The more important members of this type include the following: *Acacia farnesiana* *Acacia* spp., *Pithecolobium* spp., *Opuntia* spp., *Cephalocereus* spp., *Crescentia* spp., *Dodonaea viscosa*, *Lippia* spp., *Lantana* spp.

In the riparian associations along stream beds and in marsh lands the vegetation exhibits marked variations and includes such forms as: *Persea americana*, *Taxodium distichum*, *Ficus* spp., *Astianthus viminalis*, *Guazuma ulmifolia*.

Due to the extremes in ecological conditions as expressed through both altitudinal and moisture variations, Morelos exhibits remarkable variation in vegetation and as such presents a very interesting problem in floristics.

The following list of species is based on specimens collected in Morelos by the author and his students. Most of the determinations were made by the author using the facilities at the University of Michigan Herbarium. All species of the Verbenaceae were verified or determined by Dr. H. N. Moldenke. Dr. Rogers McVaugh verified the author's determinations of many species in the Leguminosae. It is hoped that this list will contribute to the sparse knowledge of the distribution of the Mexican flora.

For simplicity the species are arranged alphabetically by families, genera, and species. After each species the town nearest the collection site is listed plus a number in parenthesis indicating vegetation type. 1. Alpine Meadow; 2. Boreal Forest; 3. Pine-Oak Forest; 4. Tropical Deciduous Forest. Specimens on which these determinations were made are deposited at one or more of the following herbaria: S. M. Tracy Herbarium, Texas A. and M. College; The Herbarium, the University of Michigan; The Herbarium, Southern Methodist University.

ALISMATACEAE

Sagittaria lancifolia L. Cuautla (4)

AMARYLLIDACEAE

Allium glandulosum Link and Otto Cuautla (4)

Nothoscordum fragrans (Vent.) Kunth Tres Cumbres (2)

Pancratium littorale Jacq. Axochiapan, Cuernavaca (1)

APOCYNACEAE

Haplophytum cimicidum A. DC. Yautepec (1)

ASCLEPIADACEAE

Asclepias grandiflora Fourn. Yautepec (1)

BIGNONIACEAE

Astianthus viminalis (H.B.K.) Baill. Amacusac (1)

BOMBACACEAE

Waltheria americana L. Cuautla (1)

CARYOPHYLLACEAE

Arenaria decussata Willd. Lagunas de Zempoala (2)

COMMELINACEAE

Commelina coelestis Willd. Cuautla, Tlacotepec, Tres Cumbres, L. de Zempoala (2, 3)

Tradescantia commelinoides R. & S. Lagunas de Zempoala (2)

COMPOSITAE

Achillea millefolium L. Lagunas de Zempoala (2)

Ageratum corymbosum Zucc. Yautepec, Cuautla, Axochiapan (4)

Aphanostephus pachyrrhizus Shinners Cuautla (4)

Aster Lima Lindl. Axochiapan (4)

Conyza filaginoides (DC.) Hieron. Cuautla (4)

- Conyza sophiaefolia* H.B.K.
Dyssodia pinnata (Cav.) Robinson
Erigeron maximus Link & Otto
Erigeron scaposus DC.
- Florestina pedata* (Cav.) Cass.
Florestina trifida DC.
Florestina tripteris DC.
- Galeana hastata* Llave & Lex.
Galinsoga aristulata Bicknell
Heterotheca inuloides Cass.
Lagascea rubra H.B.K.
Melampodium oblongifolium DC.
Melampodium paludosum H.B.K.
Otopappus robustus Hemsley
Pectis latisquama Schultz
Pinaropappus roseus Less.
Sanvitalia procumbens Lam.
- Sclerocarpus divaricatus* (Bentham)
 B. & H.
Sclerocarpus uniserialis B. & H.
Spilanthes americana var. *parvula*
 (Rob.) A. H. Moore
Stevia serrata Cav.
Tagetes filifolia Lag.
Tagetes jaliscana Greenm.
Tagetes lucida Cav.
Tridax coronopifolia Hemsley
Tridax procumbens L.
Zexmenia aurea B. & H.
Zexmenia crocea Gray
Zexmenia helianthoides (DC.) Gray
Zinnia multiflora L.
- Cuautla (4)
 Cuautla (4)
 Lagunas de Zempoala (2)
 Huitzilac, Cuautla, Tres
 Cumbres (2, 3)
 Cuautla, Yautepec (4)
 Cuautla (4)
 Cuautla, Yautepec,
 Axochiapan (4)
 Tiacotepec (4)
 Progreso (4)
 Cuautla (4)
 Cuautla (4)
 Axochiapan, Yautepec (4)
 Yautepec, Cuautla (4)
 Axochiapan (4)
 Cuautla (4)
 Cuautla (4)
 Axochiapan, Tlacotepec,
 Cuautla (4), Yautepec (4)
 Yautepec, Axochiapan (4)
 Axochiapan (4)
- Axochiapan (4)
 Cuautla (4)
 Cuautla (4)
 Cuautla (4)
 Cuautla (4)
 Cuautla Yautepec (4)
 Axochiapan (4)
 Tres Cumbres (2)
 Yautepec (4)
 Yautepec (4)
 Yautepec, Axochiapan,
 Cuauteppec (4)
- CRUCIFERAE
Eruca sativa Mill.
- CYPERACEAE
Eleocharis nodulosa (Roth) Schultes
- ERICACEAE
Vaccinium leucanthum Schlecht.
- HYPERICACEAE
Hypericum pauciflorum H. B. K.
- Cuautla (3, 4)
 Cuautla (3)
 Lagunas de Zempoala (2)
 Cuautla (3)

LEGUMINOSAE

<i>Acacia angustissima</i> (Mill.) Kuntze	Yautepec (4)
<i>Acacia farnesiana</i> (L.) Willd.	Axochiapan (4)
<i>Acacia paniculata</i> Willd.	Axochiapan (4)
<i>Aeschynomene virginica</i> (L.) B. S. P.	Progreso (4)
<i>Astragalus strigulosus</i> H. B. K.	Cuautla (4)
<i>Brongniartia podalyrioides</i> H. B. K.	Yautepec (4)
<i>Calliandra grandiflora</i> (L'Her.) Bentham	Cuautla (4)
<i>Calliandra houstoniana</i> (Mil.) Standley	Yautepec (4)
<i>Calliandra penduliflora</i> Rose	Yautepec (4)
<i>Cassia occidentalis</i> L.	Axochiapan, Cuautla (4)
<i>Cassia uniflora</i> Mill.	Axochiapan, Yautepec (4)
<i>Cologania procumbens</i> Kunth	Axochiapan (4)
<i>Crotalaria mollicula</i> H. B. K.	Yautepec (4)
<i>Crotalaria pumila</i> Ortega	Cuautla, Progreso (4)
<i>Crotalaria vitellina</i> Ker	Cuautla, Axochiapan (4)
<i>Eysenhardtia polystachya</i> (Ortega) Sarg.	Huitzilac, Cuautla (3)
<i>Lupinus elegans</i> H. B. K.	Lagunas de Zempoala (2)
<i>Mimosa albida</i> H. & B.	Yautepec (4)
<i>Mimosa benthami</i> Macbride	Cuautla (4)
<i>Mimosa caerulea</i> Rose	Cuautla (4)
<i>Nissolia fruticosa</i> Jacq.	Yautepec (4)
<i>Nissolia hirsuta</i> DC.	Cuautla (4)
<i>Pachyrrhizus erosus</i> (L.) Urban	Yautepec, Axochiapan (4)
<i>Phaseolus atropurpureus</i> Bentham	Yautepec (4)
<i>Phaseolus coccineus</i> L.	Cuautla (4)
<i>Phaseolus heterophyllus</i> Willd.	Cuautla (4)
<i>Pisum sativum</i> L.	Cuautla (4)
<i>Rhynchosia pyramidalis</i> (Lam.) Urban	Yautepec (4)
<i>Tephrosia nicaraguensis</i> Oerst.	Yautepec (4)
<i>Trifolium amabile</i> H. B. K.	Cuautla, Tres Cumbres (2,3)
<i>Zornia diphylla</i> (L.) Pers.	Cuautla (3)

LILIACEAE

<i>Anthericum aurantiacum</i> J. G. Baker	Yautepec (3, 4)
<i>Bessera elegans</i> Schult.	Yautepec (4)
<i>Milla biflora</i> Cav.	Cuautla (4)

LOASACEAE

<i>Mentzelia aspera</i> L.	Yautepec, Cuautla (4)
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MALPIGHIACEAE

<i>Bunchosia palmeri</i> S. Watson	Yautepec, Axochiapan, Cuautla (4)
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MALVACEAE

Anoda cristata (L.) Schl.

Cuautla, Axochiapan,
Yautepec (4)
Progreso (4)

Anoda hastata Cav.

Malvastrum coromandelianum (L.)

Garcke

Yautepec, Axochiapan (4)

Sida procumbens Sw.

Yautepec (4)

MARTYNIACEAE

Martynia annua L.

Yautepec (3, 4)

MORACEAE

Dorstenia drakena L.

Yautepec (4)

ONAGRACEAE

Lopezia mexicana Jacq.

Cuautla (4)

POLYPODIACEAE

Adiantum concinnum H. & B.

Cuautla, Yautepec,
Axochiapan (4)

Adiantum kaulfussi Kunze

Cuautla (3)

Adiantum poireti Wikstr.

Cuautla (3)

Bommeria pedata (Swartz) Fournier

Cuautla (3)

Cheilanthes angustifolia H. B. K.

Cuautla (3)

Cheilanthes cucullans Fee

Cuautla (3)

Cheiloptecton rigidum (Swartz) Fee

Yautepec (4)

Notholaena aurea (Poir) Desv.

Cuautla (3)

Pellaea skinneri Hooker

Axochiapan (4)

Polypodium polypodioides (L.) A. S.

Hitchcock var. *aciculare* Weatherby

Cuautla (3)

PONTEDERIACEAE

Heteranthera limosa (Sw.) Willd.

Axochiapan (4)

RANUNCULACEAE

Clematis drummondii T. & G.

Cuautla (3)

RHAMNACEAE

Karwinskia umbellata (Cav.) Schlecht.

Amacusac (4)

RUBIACEAE

Bouvardia ternifolia (Cav.) Schlecht.

Cuautla (3)

Cephalanthus salicifolia H. & B.

Cuautla (3)

Diodia tetracocca Hemsley

Cuautla (3)

Galium asperrimum Gray

Cuautla (3)

Paederia pringlei Greenman

Yautepec (topotype) (4)

Spermacoce haenkeana Hemsley

Cuautla (3)

Spermacoce patula M. & G.

Cuautla, Axochiapan,
Huitzilac (3, 4)

SAPINDACEAE

Cardiospermum halicacabum L.

Axochiapan (4)

Dodonaea viscosa Jacq.

Yautepec (4)

SCROPHULARIACEAE

- Castilleja pringlei Fern. Lagunas de Zempoala
Tres Cumbres (2)
Cuautila, Lagunas de
Zempoala (2, 3)
Cuautila, Huitzilac (3)
Lagunas de Zempoala (2)
Lagunas de Zempoala (2)
Yautepec, Cuautila, Tres
Cumbres (3, 4)
Lagunas de Zempoala (2, 3)
- Castilleja scorzoneraefolia H. B. K.
Castilleja tenuiflora Benth
Mimulus glabratus (L.) Wettst.
Pedicularis mexicana Zucc.
Penstemon campanulatus Willd.
- Veronica americana (Raf.) Schwein.

SELAGINELLACEAE

- Selaginella pallescens (Pres.) Spring Yautepec (4)

SOLANACEAE

- Nicotiana glauca Graham Cuautila (3, 4)
Solanum bicolor Willd. Cuautila (3)
Solanum nigrum L. Lagunas de Zempoala (2)

STERCULIACEAE

- Ayenia montana Rose Yautepec (4)
Melochia pyramidata L. Cuautila (3, 4)
Physodium dubium Hemsley Yautepec, Axochiapan (3, 4)

TURNERACEAE

- Turnera ulmifolia L. Cuautila (4)

VERBANACEAE

- Bouchea prismatica (L.) Ktze. Axochiapan (3)
Lantana achyranthifolia Desf. Yautepec, Axochiapan,
Cuautila (3, 4)
Cuautila, Yautepec,
Axochiapan (3, 4)
Yautepec (3, 4)
Cuautila, Axochiapan,
Tlacotepec (3, 4)
Yautepec (4)
Yautepec (4)
Cuautila (4)
- Lantana camara L.
- Lantana hispida H. B. K.
Lantana velutina H. B. K.
- Lippia berlandieri Schauer
Vitex mollis H. B. K.

VITACEAE

- Cissus subtruncata Rose Yautepec (4)

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